

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Ferro Corporation Performance Pigments & Colors 251 West Wylie Ave. Washington, PA 15301 USA

Emergency telephone number

CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300

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Date of Preparation: 03/04/2013

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1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Product Name:

GSLA LMC-6044P Black

Aerosol, Glass/Ceram

CAS-No.:

Mixture

Recommended use:

Industrial Use Only

Product Code:

1379493

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Vapors may travel to a source and flash back. Vapors may cause flash fire or explosion. May cause respiratory tract, eye and skin irritation. May cause allergic skin or respiratory reaction. May be harmful if absorbed through skin. May be harmful by inhalation. May be harmful if swallowed. Contains titanium dioxide which may cause lung damage including cancer. Contains crystalline silica which causes silicosis and lung cancer.

		HMIS	NFPA 704
Color: Black	Health:	2*	2
Physical Liquid	Flammability:	3	3
state:	Physical Hazard:	0	0
Odor: Alcohol-like	PPE:	Χ	

Potential Health Effects

Principle routes of exposure:

Inhalation, ingestion, skin and eye contact.

Eye contact:

Contact with eyes may cause irritation.

Skin contact:

Prolonged skin contact may cause skin irritation. May be harmful if absorbed through skin. May

cause allergic skin reaction.

Inhalation:

May cause irritation of respiratory tract. May be harmful by inhalation. May cause severe

allergic respiratory reaction.

Ingestion:

May irritate digestive tract. May be harmful if swallowed.

Chronic toxicity:

Chronic inhalation exposure can cause lung damage. Titanium Dioxide is listed by IARC as possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B) based on inadequate evidence of carcinogenicity in humans and sufficient evidence in experimental animals. Long term inhalation causes lung damage (silicosis and cancer). Respirable crystalline silica has been classified as a Group I (sufficient evidence in humans for carcinogenicity) carcinogenic by IARC and is listed by NTP as a substance which may reasonably be anticipated to be a carcinogen. Suspect cancer

hazard (cobalt compound).

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Components	CAS Number	Weight %
Petroleum gases, liquefied, sweetened	68476-86-8	20 - 30%
Proprietary complex inorganic compound		20 - 30%
2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	10 - 20%
1-Methoxy-2-propanol acetate	108-65-6	5 - 10%
Frit*		20 - 30% (May contain - see below)

3. COMPOS	SITION/INFORMATION OF	NINGREDIENTS
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	<0.5%
Quartz silica	14808-60-7	<0.5%

The specific chemical identities are being withheld as a trade secret (29CFR1910.1200).

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids. Get medical attention if irritation Eye contact:

develops.

Skin contact: Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water. Remove and wash contaminated clothing

before re-use. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Inhalation: Exposures require specialized first aid with contact and medical follow-up.

Ingestion: Drink plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting. Consult a physician if necessary.

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash point (°C): 14(57°F) Method: Estimated

Suitable extinguishing media: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray or "alcohol" foam.

Hazardous decomposition products Carbon oxides. Heavy metal compounds.

under fire conditions:

Special protective equipment for

firefighters:

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus (pressure-demand, NIOSH approved or

equivalent) and full protective gear

Unusual hazards: Flammable. Vapors may form explosive mixture with air. Vapors are heavier than air and may

spread along floors. Vapor may travel considerable distance to source of ignition and flash

back.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions: Flammable liquid. Remove all sources of ignition. Remove all non-essential people from the

affected area. Ensure adequate ventilation. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wear personal protective

equipment.

Environmental precautions: Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains. Do

not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Do not allow material to contaminate

ground water system.

Wear personal protective equipment. Absorb spill with inert material (e.g. dry sand or earth), Methods for cleaning up:

then place in a chemical waste container. Clean contaminated surface thoroughly. Dispose of

promptiy.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

^{*} Frit, with CAS # [65997-18-4], is a mixture of inorganic chemical substances produced by rapidly quenching a molten, complex combination of materials, confining the chemical substances thus manufactured as non-migratory components of glassy solid flakes or granules. These components are present as part of the Frit.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling:

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wear personal protective equipment. Do not eat, drink, or smoke in areas of use or storage. Do not take internally. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Storage:

Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure limits

Minimize exposure in accordance with good hygiene practice.

Components	OSHA	ACGIH
Frit	0.5 mg/m³ TWA Sb	0.5 mg/m³ TWA Sb
	5 mg/m³ TWA Zr	5 mg/m³ TWA Zr
	5 mg/m³ Ceiling Mn	0.2 mg/m³ TWA Mn
2-Butoxyethanol	50 ppm TWA	20 ppm TWA
	240 mg/m³ TWA	
	prevent or reduce skin absorption	
Titanium Dioxide	15 mg/m³ TWA total dust	10 mg/m³ TWA
Quartz silica	0.1 mg/m ³ TWA (respirable dust)	0.025 mg/m³ TWA respirable fraction

Engineering measures: Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation wherever dust, mist, vapors, or fumes can be

generated. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are proximal to the work-station

location.

Eye protection: Safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin and body protection: Lightweight protective clothing. Keep working clothes separately. Remove and wash

contaminated clothing before re-use.

Hand protection: Impervious gloves. Follow the recommendations given by the manufacturer of protective

gloves.

Respiratory protection: In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. NIOSH-approved

respirators should be worn where engineering controls and work practices do not reduce exposure to or below the PEL. Seek professional advice prior to respirator selection and use.

Hygiene measures: Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Color: Black Physical state: Liquid

Odor: Alcohol-like Molecular weight: No data available

Boiling point/range (°C):No data availablepH:No data availableMelting point/range (°C):No data availableSpecific gravity (Water =1):No data availableVapor density:Non-volatileVapor pressure :No data available

Evaporation Rate (Water = 1) Non-volatile Water solubility: Insoluble

VOC content 0

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable at normal conditions

Polymerization Will not occur.

Hazardous decomposition products: Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Carbon oxides.

Heavy metal compounds.

Materials to avoid:

None known

Conditions to avoid

Remove all sources of ignition.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity:

Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products

Chronic Toxicity:

In lifetime inhalation studies of rats, airborne respirable size titanium dioxide particles have been shown to cause lung tumors at concentrations associated with substantial particle lung burdens and consequential pulmonary overload and inflammation. However, other laboratory animals such as mice and hamsters did not develop lung tumors under similar testing with titanium dioxide. Human epidemiology studies do not suggest an association between occupational exposure to titanium dioxide and risk for cancer. Contains crystalline silica which causes silicosis and lung cancer.

Carcinogenic Effects:

Respirable crystalline silica has been classified as a Group I (sufficient evidence in humans for carcinogenicity) carcinogenic by IARC and is listed by NTP as a substance which may reasonably be anticipated to be a carcinogen. Crystalline silica is also a known cause of silicosis, a non-cancerous lung disease caused by excessive exposure to crystalline silica. IARC has identified Cobalt and Cobalt compounds as "possibly carcinogenic" as a group.

Components

NIOSH - Pocket Guide - Target Organs

2-Butoxyethanol

liver kidneys lymphoid system skin blood eyes CNS respiratory system hematopoietic

systen

Chromium
Cobalt
Titanium Dioxide
Quartz silica

eyes respiratory system skin respiratory system skin respiratory system eyes respiratory system

Component information, if any, is listed below

Frit

LD50s and LC50s:

Oral LD50 (Rat) = 2000 mg/kg

NTP:

Known Human Carcinogen

NTPS. Carcinogen:

Reasonably Anticipated To Be A Human Carcinogen

IARC - Group 1: IARC - Group 2A: IARC - Group 2B: Listed Listed

Proprietary complex inorganic compound

Listed

IARC - Group 2B:

ound Listed

2-Butoxyethanol

LD50s and LC50s:

Inhalation LC50 (Rat) = 2.21 mg/L

Dermal LD50 (Rabbit) = 220 mg/kg Dermal LD50 (Rat) = 2270 mg/kg Inhalation LC50 (Rat) = 450 ppm Oral LD50 (Rat) = 470 mg/kg

1-Methoxy-2-propanol acetate

LD50s and LC50s:

Oral LD50 (Rat) = 8532 mg/kg Dermal LD50 (Rabbit) = 5000 mg/kg

Titanium Dioxide

LD50s and LC50s:

Oral LD50 (Rat) = 10000 mg/kg

OSHA - Select Carcinogens:

Present

IARC - Group 2B:

Listed

Quartz silica

LD50s and LC50s:

Oral LD50 (Rat) = 500 mg/kg

OSHA - Select Carcinogens:

Present

NTP:

Known Human Carcinogen

IARC - Group 1:

Listed

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Aquatic toxicity:

No data is available on the product itself. Information given is based on data on the

components and the ecotoxicology of similar products.

2-Butoxyethanol

Ecotoxicity - Fish Species Data:

96 h LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus) = 1490 mg/L static 96 h LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus) = 2950 mg/L

Ecotoxicity - Water Flea Data:

24 h EC50 (Daphnia magna) = 1698 - 1940 mg/L

48 h EC50 (Daphnia magna) = 1000 mg/L

1-Methoxy-2-propanol acetate

Ecotoxicity - Fish Species Data:

96 h LC50 (Pimephales promelas) = 161 mg/L static

Ecotoxicity - Water Flea Data:

48 h EC50 (Daphnia magna) = 500 mg/L

Persistence and degradability:

Not determined

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste from residues / unused

products:

Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local environmental control regulations. Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal or incineration.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT (U.S.)

UN/ID No:

UN1950

Proper shipping name:

Aerosols

Hazard Class:

ERG No:

126

TDG (Canada)

UN-No **Proper Shipping Name** UN1950 Aerosols

Hazard Class

2.1

IMDG

UN-No **Proper Shipping Name** UN1950

Aerosols 2.1

Hazard Class

F-D. S-U

Ems: Description

UN1950, Aerosols, 2.1

IATA **UN-No**

UN1950

Proper shipping name

Aerosols, flammable

Hazard Class ERG Code

2.1 10P

Shipping Description

UN1950, Aerosols, flammable, 2.1

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. Regulations:

TSCA:

Not subject to TSCA 12(b) Export Notification

SARA 313:

Components	U.S CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 - Emission Reporting
Chromium (1 - 5%)	1.0 % de minimis concentration
Cobalt (1 - 5%)	0.1 % de minimis concentration
Cobalt inorganic compounds (20 - 30%)	0.1 % de minimis concentration
Chromium (III) Compound (20 - 30%)	1.0 % de minimis concentration
Zinc compounds (5 - 10%)	1.0 % de minimis concentration

State Regulations

This product or its ingredients have been evaluated for New Jersey, Pennsylvania, and California Prop 65 supplier notification requirements. Substances that are subject to notification requirements, if any, are listed below.

Components	PARTK:	-
Chromium	Listed (PARTK)	
Cobalt	Listed (PARTK)	
Cobalt inorganic compounds	Listed	
Chromium (III) Compound	Listed	
Zinc compounds	Listed (PARTK)	

Components	NJRTK:	
Toluene	1866	
2-Butoxyethanol	Listed (NJRTK)	
Ethanolamine	0835	
Chromium (III) compounds	0432	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Cobalt compounds	0520	
Quartz silica	1660	
Zinc compounds	2021	

Components	State Regulation - CA Prop65
Toluene	Developmental Toxicity
	Reproductive Female
Cobalt	Carcinogen
Titanium Dioxide	Carcinogen
Quartz silica	Carcinogen

Canadian WHMIS

WHMIS hazard class:

D2B Toxic materials D2A Very toxic materials B2 Flammable liquid

Canadian Ingredient Disclosure List (IDL):

Components	Canada - WHMIS Ingredient Disclosure:
2-Butoxyethanol	1
Cobalt compounds	0.1
Chromium (III) Compound	1

International Inventories

TSCA 8(b):

Listed or exempt.

Canadian DSL/NDSL list

All ingredient(s) are listed on the DSL or NDSL

EC-No.

Listed or exempt.

Philippines (PICCS):

Listed.

Japan (ENCS):

One or more ingredient(s) are not on the ENCS list.

Korea (KECL): China (IECS):

Listed. Listed.

Australia (AICS): New Zealand (NZIoC): One or more ingredient(s) are not on the AICS list. One or more ingredient(s) are not on the NZloC list.

Product name: GSLA LMC-6044P Black Aerosol, Glass/Ceram

16. OTHER INFORMATION

For Industrial Use Only

Prepared by: Ferro Technical Center

Disclaimer: The information and recommendations contained in this Material Safety Data Sheet have been compiled from sources believed to be reliable and to represent the most reasonable current opinion on the subject when the MSDS was prepared. No warranty, guaranty or representation is made as to the correctness or sufficiency of the information. The user of this product must decide what safety measures are necessary to safely use this product, either alone or in combination with other products, and determine its environmental regulatory compliance obligations under any applicable federal or state laws.

End of Safety Data Sheet